

April 18, 2018

SUBJECT: AMENDMENT TO DA ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER NO. 01, SERIES OF 2012 ON DECLARING THE LIST OF NOTIFIABLE ANIMAL DISEASES

WHEREAS, Executive Order No. 338, series of 2001 restructured the Department of Agriculture (DA), and in Section 26 mandated the Bureau of Animal Industry to: (1) investigate, diagnose, and report cases of communicable and emerging exotic diseases affecting livestock and poultry; (2) establish a workable investigation, surveillance, reporting and appraisal system for animal diseases, including uniform collation of data and information on disease occurrences; and (3) adopt measures that would prevent the entry of exotic and communicable diseases into the country consistent with international standards, statutes, protocols set for inter-country and intra-regional cooperation;

WHEREAS, the World Organisation for Animal Health (OIE) posted its OIE-listed diseases, infections and infestations in force in 2018 in its website at http://www.oie.int wherein this list is reviewed on a regular basis and modifications on the list are adopted by the OIE World Assembly of Delegates at its annual General Session and this new list comes into force every January 1 of the following year;

WHEREAS, DA Administrative Order (AO) No. 01 dated January 31, 2012, on "Declaring the List of Notifiable Animal Diseases", was issued using the OIE-Listed diseases in 2012 as reference and needs to be updated due to modifications done by the OIE on the list these past years;

WHEREAS, there are emerging and re-emerging local diseases particularly besetting the Philippine livestock and poultry industry which do not appear in the OIE list and close attention should be made to address these diseases;

WHEREAS, the Bureau of Animal Industry (BAI) is strengthening its role on the prevention, control and eradication of animal diseases to improve the reporting of diseases and outbreak investigation for a better scope and comprehension of the disease situation which it can more appropriately address;

NOW THEREFORE, I, EMMANUEL F. PIÑOL, Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to Section 18 Chapter 4 of Title IV, Book IV of Executive Order 292 (Administrative Code of 1987); Section 5 Act No. 3639 (BAI Quarantine Powers); and Articles 6 and 7 of the Consumer Act of the Philippines, do hereby issue this Order amending the List of Notifiable Diseases in DA AO No. 01 to the OIE-listed diseases, infections and infestations in force in 2018 as follows:

OIE-LISTED DISEASES, INFECTIONS AND INFESTATIONS IN FORCE IN 2018

Multiple species diseases, infections and infestations

- Anthrax
- Bluetongue
- Crimean Congo haemorrhagic fever
- · Epizootic haemorrhagic disease
- Equine encephalomyelitis (Eastern)
- Heartwater
- Infection with Aujeszky's disease virus
- Infection with Brucella abortus,
 Brucella melitensis and Brucella suis
- Infection with Echinococcus granulosus
- Infection with
 Echinococcus multilocularis
- Infection with foot and mouth disease virus
- · Infection with rabies virus
- Infection with Rift Valley fever virus
- Infection with rinderpest virus
- Infection with Trichinella spp.
- Japanese encephalitis
- New world screwworm (Cochliomyia hominivorax)
- Old world screwworm (Chrysomya bezziana)
- Paratuberculosis
- · Q fever
- Surra (Trypanosoma evansi)
- Tularemia
- · West Nile fever

Cattle diseases and infections

- · Bovine anaplasmosis
- · Bovine babesiosis
- Bovine genital campylobacteriosis
- Bovine spongiform encephalopathy
- Bovine tuberculosis
- Bovine viral diarrhoea
- · Enzootic bovine leukosis
- Haemorrhagic septicaemia
- Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/ infectious pustular vulvovaginitis
- Infection with Mycoplasma mycoides subsp. mycoides SC (contagious bovine pleuropneumonia)
- · Lumpy skin disease
- Theileriosis
- · Trichomonosis
- Trypanosomosis (tsetse-transmitted)

Sheep and goat diseases and infections

- Caprine arthritis/encephalitis
- Contagious agalactia
- Contagious caprine pleuropneumonia
- Infection with Chlamydophila abortus (Enzootic abortion of ewes, ovine chlamydiosis)
- Infection with peste des petits ruminants virus
- Maedi-visna
- · Nairobi sheep disease
- Ovine epididymitis (Brucella ovis)
- Salmonellosis (Salmonella abortusovis)
- Scrapie
- Sheep pox and goat pox

Swine diseases and infections

- · African swine fever
- Infection with classical swine fever virus
- Infection with Taenia solium (porcine cysticercosis)
- Nipah virus encephalitis
- Porcine reproductive and respiratory syndrome
- Transmissible gastroenteritis

Avian diseases and infections

- · Avian chlamydiosis
- · Avian infectious bronchitis
- Avian infectious laryngotracheitis
- Avian mycoplasmosis (Mycoplasma gallisepticum)
- Avian mycoplasmosis
 (Mycoplasma synoviae)
- Duck virus hepatitis
- Fowl typhoid
- Infection with avian influenza viruses
- Infection with influenza A viruses of high pathogenicity in birds other than poultry including wild birds
- Infection with Newcastle disease virus
- Infectious bursal disease (Gumboro disease)
- · Pullorum disease
- Turkey rhinotracheitis

Equine diseases and infections

- Contagious equine metritis
- Dourine
- Equine encephalomyelitis (Western)
- · Equine infectious anaemia
- Equine influenza
- · Equine piroplasmosis
- Glanders
- Infection with African horse sickness virus
- Infection with equidherpesvirus-1 (EHV-1)
- Infection with equine arteritis virus
- · Venezuelan equine encephalomyelitis

Lagomorph diseases and infections

- Myxomatosis
- Rabbit haemorrhagic diseases

Other diseases and infections

- Camelpox
- Leishmaniosis

Bee diseases, infections and infestations

- Infection of honey bees with Melissococcus plutonius (European foulbrood)
- Infection of honey bees with Paenibacillus larvae (American foulbrood)
- Infestation of honey bees with Acarapis woodi
- Infestation of honey bees with Tropilaelaps spp.
- Infestation of honey bees with Varroa spp. (Varroosis)
- Infestation with Aethina tumida (small hive beetle)

Fish diseases

- Epizootic haematopoietic necrosis disease
- Infection with Aphanomyces invadans (Epizootic ulcerative syndrome)
- Infection with Gyrodactylus salaris
- Infection with HPR-deleted or HPRO infectious salmon anaemia virus
- Infection with salmonid alphavirus
- Infectious haematopoietic necrosis
- Koi herpesvirus disease
- · Red sea bream iridoviral disease
- Spring viraemia of carp
- · Viral haemorrhagic septicaemia

Crustacean diseases

- Acute hepatopancreatic necrosis disease
- Infection with Aphanomyces astaci (crayfish plague)
- Infection with Hepatobacter penaei (necrotizing hepatopancreatitis)
- Infection with infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis virus
- Infection with infectious myonecrosis virus
- Infection with Macrobrachium rosenbergii nodavirus (white tail disease)
- Infection with Taura syndrome virus
- Infection with white spot syndrome virus
- Infection with yellowhead virus genotype 1

Mollusc diseases

- Infection with abalone herpesvirus
- Infection with Bonamia exitiosa
- Infection with Bonamia ostreae
- Infection with Marteilia refringens
- · Infection with Perkinsus marinus
- · Infection with Perkinsus olseni
- Infection with Xenohaliotis californiensis

Amphibians

- Infection with Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis
- Infection with Batrachochytrium salmandrivorans
- · Infection with Ranavirus species

Referral to the OIE website http://www.oie.int shal be regularly done yearly thereafter for updates since the OIE comes up with a new list every Jan 1ary 1.

Any unusual clustering of similar symptoms or sideromes or more than the perceived mortalities/morbidities that are yet unknown in origin shall also be considered notifiable to consider emerging and re-emerging diseases.

Aside from the Department of Agriculture Regional Field Offices (DARFOS), the National Meat Inspection Service, National Dairy Authority, Philippine Carabao Center and Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources are hereby instructed to regularly report the occurrence of these notifiable diseases to the Director, Bureau of Animal Industry.

Veterinary offices of Local Government Units (LGUs) are reminded to do the same as per earlier practice to report through the BAI-Philippine Animal Health Information System (PhilAHIS).

The assistance of the Biodiversity Management Bureau of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (BMB-DENR) is enjoined to report wildlife diseases.

Private veterinary practitioners working in farms, clinics and other animal establishments as well as veterinarians in the academe are encouraged to support this Administrative Circular by reporting the notifiable animal diseases.

The BAI will provide the necessary information and guidelines to the above-mentioned government agencies, veterinary offices of Local Government Units (LGUs), private veterinary practitioners and the academe as to the proper reporting of these diseases.

This Circular shall take effect immediately.

EMMANUEL F. PIÑOL Secretary /

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